(Registration number 2002/013453/08) Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Registration number: 2002/013453/08)

Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

General Information

Country of incorporation and domicile South Africa

Nature of business and principal activities

The provision of education and support to HIV infected pregnant

women and women who recently delivered HIV infected babies.

Directors D Lubner

MJ Besser FK Beadle C Rathner

B Semete-Makokotleta

J Mokorosi M Makhunga S Dube LA Denny T Tucker

Registered office PO Box 841

Cape Town 8000

Business address 5th Floor

33 Martin Hammerschlag Way

Foreshore Cape Town 8001

Postal address PO Box 841

Cape Town 8000

Bankers Standard Bank Limited

Auditor Ernst and Young Inc.

Chartered Accountant (SA)
Registered Auditors

Secretary C Rathner

Company registration number 2002/013453/08

Level of assurance These annual audited financial statements have been audited in

compliance with the applicable requirements of the Companies Act of

South Africa

Preparer The annual audited financial statements were independently compiled

by:

KAS Drafting Proprietary Limited
H. Abbas Chartered Accountant (SA)

Issued 28 June 2023

(Registration number: 2002/013453/08)
Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Directors' Responsibilities and Approval

The directors are required by the Companies Act of South Africa, to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual audited financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual audited financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The external auditor is engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual audited financial statements.

The annual audited financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the company and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the board of directors sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the company and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the company's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the company is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the company. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the company endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual audited financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the company's cash flow forecast for the year to 31 December 2023 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the company has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditor is responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the company's annual audited financial statements. The annual audited financial statements have been examined by the company's external auditor and their report is presented on page 6 to 8.

The annual audited financial statements set out on pages 9 to 25, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the board of directors on 20 June 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Approval of annual audited financial statements

Director B89E8EDF7701

Cape Town

28 June 2023

(Registration number: 2002/013453/08)

Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Directors' Report

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report on the annual audited financial statements of mothers2mothers South Africa NPC for the year ended 31 December 2022.

1. Nature of business

mothers2mothers (m2m) is an African-based, global non-profit organisation that unlocks the potential of mothers to break the cycle of paediatric AIDS and create healthy families and communities. m2m trains, employs, and empowers local mothers living with HIV as Mentor Mothers, frontline healthcare workers based in understaffed health clinics and within communities.

While operating principally in South Africa, m2m also has main branches located in the following countries: Kenya, Malawi, Lesotho, Zambia, Eswatini, Ghana, Angola, Uganda, Mozambique, Nigeria and Tanzania.

There have been no material changes to the nature of the company's business from the prior year.

2. Review of financial results and activities

The annual audited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa. The accounting policies have been applied consistently compared to the prior year.

Full details of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the company are set out in these annual audited financial statements.

Total comprehensive income of the organisation was R 82 952 047 (2021: R 4 228 603).

3. Directors

The directors in office at the date of this report are as follows:

Directors	Changes
D Lubner	
MJ Besser	
FK Beadle	
G Mthandi	Resigned 31 May 2023
L Cornelissen	Resigned 31 March 2023
C Rathner	
H Milford	Resigned 31 March 2023
B Semete-Makokotleta	_
J Mokorosi	
M Makhunga	
S Dube	
P Gruninger	Resigned Friday, 31 March 2023
LA Denny	
T Tucker	Appointed 28 February 2022

4. Events after the reporting period

The directors are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

5. Going concern

The annual audited financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

The directors believe that the company has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the annual audited financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have satisfied themselves that the company is in a sound financial position and that it has access to sufficient borrowing facilities to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The directors are not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the company. The directors are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the company.

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Directors' Report

6. Auditors

Ernst and Young Inc. were appointed as the new auditors for the company for 2022.

7. Secretary

The company secretary is C Rathner.

Postal address

PO Box 841 Cape Town 8000

Business address

5th Floor

33 Martin Hammerschlag Way

Foreshore Cape Town 8001

8. Branch entities

Name of entity Country of incorporation

if not the RSA

mothers2mothers Kenya Kenya mothers2mothers Lesotho Lesotho mothers2mothers Malawi Malawi mothers2mothers Eswatini Eswatini mothers2mothers Uganda Uganda mothers2mothers Angola Angola mothers2mothers Ghana Ghana mothers2mothers Zambia Zambia mothers2mothers Mozambique Mozambique mothers2mothers Tanzania Tanzania mothers2mothers Nigeria Nigeria

9. Liquidity and solvency

The directors have performed the required liquidity and solvency tests required by the Companies Act of South Africa.



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of mothers2mothers South Africa NPC

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of mothers2mothers South Africa NPC ('the company') set out on pages 9 to 23, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of mothers2mothers South Africa NPC as at 31 December 2022, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors' Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements of the company and in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of the company and in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the corresponding sections of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the 25-page document titled "mothers2mothers South Africa NPC Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022", which includes the Directors' Report as required by the Companies Act of South Africa and a detailed income statement. The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



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In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.



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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

DocuSigned by:

Ernst and Young Inc.

Ernst & Young Inc. -46675839E4324E1...

Director: Kavinesh Manicum

Registered Auditor

28 June 2023

102 Rivonia Road, Sandton, Gauteng, 2196

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2022

Figures in Rand	Notes	2022	2021
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	12 091 070	13 827 207
Other financial assets	3	14	14
		12 091 084	13 827 221
Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	4	56 679 836	39 211 851
Operating lease		107 174	-
Cash and cash equivalents	5	118 779 888	48 436 879
		175 566 898	87 648 730
Total Assets		187 657 982	101 475 951
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Reserves		1 681 204	(2 662 419)
Retained income		146 483 225	67 874 801
		148 164 429	65 212 382
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	8	15 746 658	13 285 535
Operating lease		-	238 964
Deferred income	6	11 851 412	12 664 120
Provisions	7	11 895 483	10 074 950
		39 493 553	36 263 569
Total Equity and Liabilities		187 657 982	101 475 951

mothers2mothers South Africa NPC (Registration number: 2002/013453/08)
Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Figures in Rand	Notes	2022	2021
Revenue	9	513 399 090	406 842 777
Other income		484 846	282 777
Operating expenses	10	(437 864 550)	(396 842 849)
Operating surplus		76 019 386	10 282 705
Interest income	12	2 593 215	186 137
Finance costs	13	(4 177)	(3 650)
Surplus for the year		78 608 424	10 465 192
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss			
Exchange gains (losses) on translating foreign operations		4 343 623	(6 236 589)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year net of taxation		4 343 623	(6 236 589)
Total comprehensive income for the year		82 952 047	4 228 603
			-

mothers2mothers South Africa NPC (Registration number: 2002/013453/08)
Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Statement of Changes in Equity

Figures in Rand	Foreign currency translation reserve "FCTR"	Retained income	Total equity
Balance at 01 January 2021	3 574 170	57 409 609	60 983 779
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income	(6 236 589)	10 465 192	10 465 192 (6 236 589)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(6 236 589)	10 465 192	4 228 603
Balance at 01 January 2022	(2 662 419)	67 874 801	65 212 382
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income	4 343 623	78 608 424	78 608 424 4 343 623
Total comprehensive income for the year	4 343 623	78 608 424	82 952 047
Balance at 31 December 2022	1 681 204	146 483 225	148 164 429

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Statement of Cash Flows

Figures in Rand	Notes	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers and employees		513 071 227 (441 565 481)	393 389 999 (397 146 898)
Cash generated from (used in) operations Interest income Finance costs	14	71 505 746 2 593 215 (4 177)	(3 756 899) 186 137 (3 650)
Net cash from operating activities		74 094 784	(3 574 412)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Sale of property, plant and equipment	2 2	(3 751 777) 2	(8 388 539) 157 326
Net cash from investing activities		(3 751 775)	(8 231 213)
Total cash movement for the year Cash at the beginning of the year		70 343 009 48 436 879	(11 805 625) 60 242 504
Total cash at end of the year	5	118 779 888	48 436 879

(Registration number: 2002/013453/08)

Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Accounting Policies

1. Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

The annual audited financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities, and the Companies Act of South Africa. The annual audited financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in South African Rands and rounded off to the closest Rand (R1).

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

1.1 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the annual financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts presented in the annual financial statements and related disclosures. Use of available information and the application of judgement is inherent in the formation of estimates. Actual results in the future could differ from these estimates which may be material to the annual financial statements. Significant judgments and estimates include:

Provisions

Provisions were raised based on management estimates. The provision for leave is based on the leave policy for the organisation and it's branches.

Trade receivables

The organisation assesses its trade receivables for impairment at the end of each reporting period. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in profit or loss, the organisation makes judgements as to whether there is observable data including a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a financial asset.

Residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on management estimates.

1.2 Property, plant and equipment

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when

- it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company, and
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost, and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life	
Furniture and fixtures	Straight line	6 years	
Motor vehicles	Straight line	5 years	
Office equipment	Straight line	3 to 6 years	
IT equipment	Straight line	2 to 3 years	
Containers	Straight line	6 to 10 years	

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method of each asset are reviewed at the end of each reporting period. If the expectations differ from previous estimates, the change is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate.

Property, plant and equipment with a cost price of \$5 000 and more will be capitalised.

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in profit or loss unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is included in profit or loss when the item is derecognised. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Accounting Policies

1.3 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognised when:

- it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity; and
- the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment.

Reassessing the useful life of an intangible asset with a finite useful life after it was classified as indefinite is an indicator that the asset may be impaired. As a result the asset is tested for impairment and the remaining carrying amount is amortised over its useful life.

Internally generated brands, masterheads, publishing titles, customer lists and items similar in substance are not recognised as intangible assets.

Amortisation is provided to write down the intangible assets, on a straight-line basis, to their residual values as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life
Computer software	Straight line	3 years

1.4 Financial instruments

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade payables

Trade payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial assets

Investment in unlisted entity

The investment in unlisted entity does not have a quoted market price and the fair value cannot be measured. The investment has been measured at the cost less impairment.

Initial measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at the transaction price (including transaction costs except in the initial measurement of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value through profit or loss) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction in which case it is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Accounting Policies

1.4 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial instruments at amortised cost

These include loans, trade receivables and trade payables. Those debt instruments which meet the criteria in section 11.8(b) of the standard, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments which are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received or paid, unless the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction.

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of assets held in this category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence, the recoverable amount is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.5 Tax

The organisation is exempt from income tax in terms of Section 10(1)(cN) of the Income Tax Act, 1962.

1.6 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The difference between the amounts recognised as an expense and the contractual payments are recognised as an operating lease liability. This liability is not discounted.

Any contingent rents are expensed in the period they are incurred.

1.7 Impairment of assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment and intangible may be impaired.

If there is any such indication, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets) is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or group of assets) in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.8 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as leave pay and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

Premiums paid to the defined contribution pension fund are recognised as an expense during the period.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employees render services that increase their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs.

1.9 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when:

- the company has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that the company will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement; and
- reliable estimate can be made of the obligation.

(Registration number: 2002/013453/08)

Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Accounting Policies

1.9 Provisions and contingencies (continued)

The amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement shall be recognised when, and only when, it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the entity settles the obligation. The reimbursement shall be treated as a separate asset. The amount recognised for the reimbursement shall not exceed the amount of the provision.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

1.10 Revenue

Donations

Contributions are recorded at the fair value on the earlier of the receipt of cash or an unconditional promise to give, as increases in net assets in the period they are received. All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are restricted for future periods or are restricted by the donor for specific purposes are recognised as deferred revenue. Contributions with no restrictions are recognised in profit and loss as "revenue".

If an entity has a contract that is onerous, the present obligation under the contract shall be recognised and measured as a provision.

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised.

A donor restriction expires when a stipulated time restriction ends or when a purpose restriction is accomplished. Upon expiration, temporarily restricted assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and are reported in the statement of financial position as net assets released from restrictions. Restricted contributions received in the same year in which restrictions are met are recorded as an increased to restricted support at the time of receipt and as net assets released from restrictions.

Unconditional promises to give are recognised as contributions receivable only if there is a legally enforceable written agreement or promissory notes and collection is reasonably assured.

Contributions in kind

Contributions in kind received, that meets the criteria for recognition are recorded at estimated fair value when received.

Contributed services

Contributed services are only recognised if contributed services create or enhance financial assets and if they require specialized skills which would have to be bought in if they were not contributed. Donated services are recognised as an expense and revenue to the extent of the expenses at fair value of contributed services.

Contributed goods/materials

Contributed goods/materials are recognised as assets or expenses and revenue to the extent that a liability is not also recognised.

Bequests

Contributions obtained via bequests are recorded as contribution revenue when the amounts are determinable and collection is reasonably assured.

Other revenue

Interest and dividends are recognised, in profit or loss, using the effective interest rate method.

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Accounting Policies

1.11 Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions

A foreign currency transaction is recorded, on initial recognition in Rands, by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

The results and financial position of all the branches that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the reporting date:
- (ii) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions, in which case income and expense items are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate at each reporting date.

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Notes to the Annual Audited Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
rigures in rand	2022	2021

2. Property, plant and equipment

	2022				2021	
	Cost	Accumulated C depreciation	arrying value	Cost	Accumulated C depreciation	arrying value
Furniture and fixtures	8 901	(8 901)	-	8 901	(8 901)	
Motor vehicles	18 842 172	(10 680 897)	8 161 275	16 843 476	(7 828 416)	9 015 060
Office equipment	911 986	(854 254)	57 732	911 986	(754 420)	157 566
IT equipment	8 365 976	(4 493 913)	3 872 063	7 377 633	(2 723 052)	4 654 581
Total	28 129 035	(16 037 965)	12 091 070	25 141 996	(11 314 789)	13 827 207

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2022

	Opening balance	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation	Closing balance
Motor vehicles	9 015 060	1 998 697	-	(2 852 482)	8 161 275
Office equipment	157 566	_	-	(99 834)	57 732
IT equipment	4 654 581	1 753 080	(67 722)	(2 467 876)	3 872 063
	13 827 207	3 751 777	(67 722)	(5 420 192)	12 091 070

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2021

	Opening balance	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation	Closing balance
Motor vehicles	7 077 656	4 770 189	(42 299)	(2 790 486)	9 015 060
Office equipment	358 408	-	` -	(200 842)	157 566
IT equipment	2 980 324	3 618 350	(47 378)	(1 896 715)	4 654 581
	10 416 388	8 388 539	(89 677)	(4 888 043)	13 827 207

Property, plant and equipment pledged as security

Property, plant and equipment are not pledge as security.

Included in the additions above, are assets with a cost of R 2 169 039 (2021: R 7 170 289) which were purchased with donor specific funding. Upon completion of the donor project the assets belong to the donor and may be retained by the entity at the discretion of the donor.

3. Other financial assets

Equity Instruments at cost Unlisted shares - Sakhikamva Investments Proprietary Limited	14	14
Non-current assets Equity Instruments at cost	14	14

Equity investments at cost

Fair value information has not been provided for equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price and for which a fair value cannot be measured reliably. The investment is disclosed at cost.

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Notes to the Annual Audited Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
4. Trade and other receivables		
Grants receivable Advances Prepayments Deposits VAT	46 488 937 1 444 868 4 981 421 1 102 061 2 662 549 56 679 836	30 741 006 840 093 4 406 567 1 092 564 2 131 621 39 211 851
5. Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:		
Cash on hand Bank balances Short-term deposits	12 127 32 257 009 86 510 752	17 140 47 585 986 833 753
	118 779 888	48 436 879
6. Deferred income		
Unearned revenue	11 851 412	12 664 120

At 31 December 2022, the deferred income of R 11 851 412 (2021: R 12 664 120) related to various grants. The recognition of the income is deferred as the organisation has yet to comply with all the conditions attached to the income, which relates primarily to the incurral of expenditure over the life of the relevant award.

Provisions

Reconciliation of provisions - 2022				
	Opening balance	Additions	Utilised during the year	Closing balance
Leave pay provision	10 074 950	14 576 866	(12 756 333)	11 895 483
Reconciliation of provisions - 2021				
	Opening balance	Additions	Utilised during the year	Closing balance
Leave pay provision	7 590 206	9 066 021	(6 581 277)	10 074 950
Net provisions				
8. Trade and other payables				
Trade payables Accrued expenses Accrued employee costs Other payables			11 608 664 4 436 919 (298 925)	7 021 384 4 980 071 1 006 490 277 590
			15 746 658	13 285 535

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Notes to the Annual Audited Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
9. Revenue		
Grants and donations from affiliated organisations	99 873 561	89 080 928
Other cash donations	10 975	4 276
Grants and donations received	413 514 554	317 757 573
	513 399 090	406 842 777
Income from Grants and Donations were recognised as follows:		
South Africa	243 258 391	134 084 813
Other operating countries	270 140 699	272 757 964
	513 399 090	406 842 777
10. Operating expenses		
Operating expenses include the following expenses:		
Operating lease charges		
Premises Contractual amounts	9 037 455	7 612 584
Loss/(profit) on disposal of assets	67 720	(67 649)
Loss on exchange differences Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	4 317 550 5 420 192	341 157 4 888 043
Employee costs	264 581 931	241 613 238
11. Auditor's remuneration		
Fees	3 803 937	2 221 237
12. Interest income		
Interest revenue		
Bank	2 593 215	186 137
13. Finance costs		
Other interest paid	4 177	3 650
14. Cash generated from (used in) operations		
Surplus before taxation	78 608 424	10 465 192
Adjustments for: Depreciation	5 420 192	4 888 043
Loss (profit) on disposal of assets	67 720	(67 649)
Interest received	(2 593 215)	(186 137)
Finance costs	4 177	3 650
Movements in operating lease assets and accruals	(346 138) 1 820 533	(175 148) 2 484 744
Movements in provisions Changes in foreign currency exchange rates	4 343 623	(6 236 589)
Changes in working capital:	1010020	(0 200 000)
Trade and other receivables	(17 467 985)	(5 290 171)
Trade and other payables	2 461 123	4 025 072
Deferred income	(812 708)	(13 667 906)
	71 505 746	(3 756 899)

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Notes to the Annual Audited Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
15. Commitments		
Minimum lease payment for the year Contractual amounts	9 037 455	7 612 584
At year end the outstanding commitments under operating lease falls due as follows:		
Within one year Later than one year but within five years	2 881 577 4 939 631	2 253 832 7 520 546
	7 821 208	9 774 378

The company entered into an operating lease agreement with Ingenuity Property Investments Limited for the period from 1 October 2013 - 30 September 2020 (for 7 years). The rent escalates annually by 7%. The office is located on the 5th floor, 33 Martin Hammerschlag Way, Foreshore, Cape Town. There is an option to renew the lease for an additional 3 years. The organisation extended its floor space to include approximately half of the 3rd floor of the same building, effective 1 May 2017 - 30 September 2020, with the same terms and conditions as the initial agreement. The organisation extended the operating lease agreement for another 5 years to 30 September 2025.

The company entered into an operating lease agreement with Elhama Properties Limited for the period from 1 July 2019 - 30 June 2022 (for 3 years). The rent escalates annually by 6.5%. The office is located on a portion of the gound floor in the Building A of Lord Charles Office Park, 33 Brooklyn road, Brooklyn, Pretoria.

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Notes to the Annual Audited Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2022	2021

16. Related parties

Relationships

Affiliated organisations

mothers2mothers United States ("m2m US") mothers2mothers UK ("m2m UK")

Related party balances and transactions

Grants and donations received from related parties

The organisation implemented program activities under sub-award agreements with related parties and consequently received the following income:

m2m US	49 736 965	32 333 415
m2m UK	50 136 594	50 336 286
	99 873 559	82 669 701

The revenue recognised from related parties are free from restrictions since the revenue is recognised when costs of related program activities are incurred.

Amount owed to the organisation (included in grants receivable - refer note 4)

	34 314 387	4 304 690
m2m UK	2 386 375	3 689 187
m2m US	31 928 012	615 503

No provision has been made for the amount receivable as it is considered fully recoverable.

Purchases from related parties

The organisation acquired the services of seconded employees of related parties which amounted to:

	20 872 935	21 053 043
m2m US	20 872 935	21 053 043

These purchases are executed in terms of the general terms and conditions of the affiliate entity and comprises purely of the reimbursement of relevant employee costs.

Amount owed by the organisation to related parties (included in trade and other payables - refer note 8)

	7 074 885	1 667 825
m2m UK	5 119 472	891 107
m2m US	1 955 413	776 718

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Notes to the Annual Audited Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
17. Directors' remuneration		
Executive		
2022		
Directors' emoluments	Emoluments	s Total
Services as director or prescribed officer		
FK Beadle G Mthandi C Rathner	4 588 716 2 488 187 2 537 238	2 488 187 2 537 238
	9 614 141	9 614 141
2021		
Directors' emoluments	Emoluments	s Total
Services as director or prescribed officer		
FK Beadle G Mthandi C Rathner	3 792 348 2 301 638 2 399 176	2 301 638
	8 493 162	8 493 162
The directors at mothers2mothers South Africa NPC also form the ke	y management personnel.	
18. Categories of financial instruments		
Debt instruments at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	118 779 888 47 590 998	48 436 879 31 833 570
	166 370 886	80 270 449
Equity instruments at cost less impairment		
Equity instruments at cost less impairment	14	14
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Trade and other payables	15 746 658	13 285 536

19. Events after the reporting period

The Directors are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Detailed Income Statement

Figures in Rand	Notes	2022	2021
Income from Grants and Donations			
Grants and donations from affiliated organisations		99 873 561	89 080 928
Individual, small businesses and gifts in kind		10 975	4 276
Grants and donations received		413 514 554	317 757 573
	9	513 399 090	406 842 777
Other income			
Other income		484 846	215 128
Gains on disposal of assets		-	67 649
		484 846	282 777
Expenses (Refer to page 25)		(437 864 550)	(396 842 849)
Operating surplus		76 019 386	10 282 705
Interest income	12	2 593 215	186 137
Finance costs		(4 177)	(3 650)
		2 589 038	182 487
Surplus for the year		78 608 424	10 465 192

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Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

Detailed Income Statement

Figures in Rand	Notes	2022	2021
Operating expenses			
Auditors remuneration	11	(3 803 937)	(2 221 237)
Bank charges		(896 858)	(859 558)
Cleaning		(674 063)	(485 807)
Computer expenses		(6 812 241)	(4 484 542)
Conferences, conventions and meetings (training)		(19 781 241)	(16 197 292)
Consulting fees		(7 283 482)	(9 739 029)
Delivery expenses		(487 217)	(488 658)
Depreciation		(5 420 192)	(4 888 043)
Employee costs		(264 581 931)	(241 613 238)
Gifts and flowers		(31 141)	(564 484)
Insurance		(1 860 683)	(1 234 625)
Lease rentals on operating lease		(9 037 455)	(7 612 584)
Legal expenses		(1 442 546)	(3 070 451)
Loss on exchange differences		(4 317 550)	(341 157)
Motor vehicle expenses		(7 534 345)	(6 002 872)
Office supplied and equipment		(3 633 389)	(6 109 405)
Other expenses		(6 668 201)	(2 203 784)
Printing and stationery		(3 261 739)	(3 527 767)
Loss on disposal of assets		(67 720)	-
Repairs and maintenance		(2 433 637)	(2 215 040)
Security		(2 447 987)	(1 491 825)
Service level agreements		(4 348 610)	(2 871 027)
Site supplies		(7 667 101)	(12 281 795)
Staff development and training		(1 941 897)	(1 270 273)
Staff welfare		(17 843)	(9 540)
Sub-awards and contracts		(10 825 526)	(12 702 519)
Subscriptions		(1 832 670)	(1 729 544)
Technical and Professional services		(24 790 336)	(21 104 793)
Telephone and fax		(8 572 573)	(9 695 350)
Travel - local		(16 356 015)	(15 877 785)
Travel - overseas		(8 011 534)	(2 176 772)
Utilities		(1 022 890)	(1 772 053)
		(437 864 550)	(396 842 849)